

**Cue Health Inc.**  
**Amended and Restated Audit Committee Charter**

**A. Purpose.** The purpose of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Cue Health Inc. (the “Company”) is to assist the Board’s oversight of:

1. the qualifications, independence and performance of the Company’s independent auditor;
2. the design, implementation and performance of the internal audit function;
3. the integrity of the Company’s financial statements and internal controls;
4. Enterprise risk management (ERM); and
5. the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

**B. Structure and Membership**

1. **Members.** Except as otherwise permitted by applicable Nasdaq rules, the Audit Committee shall consist of at least three members of the Board, each of whom shall be an “independent director” as defined by Nasdaq Rule 5605(a)(2), meet the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) (subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c)), and not have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any current subsidiary of the Company at any time during the past three years. No Audit Committee member may serve simultaneously on the audit committees of more than two other public companies unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service will not impair the ability of such member to effectively serve on the Audit Committee and the Company discloses such determination in its annual proxy statement.
2. **Financial Literacy.** Each member of the Audit Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including the Company’s balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement, at the time of his or her appointment to the Audit Committee. In addition, at least one member must have past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in the individual’s financial sophistication, including being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities. Unless otherwise determined by the Board (in which case disclosure of such determination shall be made in the Company’s annual report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”)), at least one member of the Audit Committee shall be an “audit committee financial expert” (as defined by applicable SEC rules).
3. **Chair.** Unless the Board elects a Chair of the Audit Committee, the Audit Committee shall elect a Chair by majority vote.
4. **Compensation.** The compensation of Audit Committee members shall be as determined by the Board. No member of the Audit Committee may receive, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company or any of its subsidiaries, other than fees paid in his or her capacity as a member of the Board or of a committee of the Board.
5. **Selection and Removal.** Members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board, upon the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Board may remove

members of the Audit Committee from such committee, with or without cause.

C. **Authority and Responsibilities General.** The Audit Committee shall discharge its responsibilities and shall assess the information provided by the Company's management and the Company's registered public accounting firm (the "independent auditor"), in accordance with its business judgment. Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation, and integrity of the Company's financial statements and for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The independent auditor is responsible for auditing the Company's financial statements and, when required, the Company's internal control over financial reporting and for reviewing the Company's unaudited interim financial statements. The authority and responsibilities set forth in this Charter do not reflect or create any duty or obligation of the Audit Committee to plan or conduct any audit, to determine or certify that the Company's financial statements are complete, accurate, fairly presented, or in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or applicable law, or to guarantee the independent auditor's reports.

1. **Oversight of Independent Auditor**

- a. **Selection.** The Audit Committee shall be solely and directly responsible for appointing, evaluating, retaining and, when necessary, terminating the engagement of the independent auditor. The Audit Committee may, in its discretion, seek stockholder ratification of the independent auditor it appoints.
- b. **Independence.** The Audit Committee shall take, or recommend that the full Board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the independent auditor. In connection with this responsibility, the Audit Committee shall obtain and review the written disclosures and the letter from the independent auditor required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (the "PCAOB") regarding the independent auditor's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence. The Audit Committee shall actively engage in dialogue with the independent auditor concerning any disclosed relationships or services that might impact the objectivity and independence of the auditor. The Audit Committee shall set hiring policies with regard to the hiring of employees or former employees of the Company's independent auditor and oversee compliance with such policies.
- c. **Compensation.** The Audit Committee shall have sole and direct responsibility for setting the compensation of the independent auditor. The Audit Committee is empowered, without further action by the Board, to cause the Company to pay the compensation of the independent auditor established by the Audit Committee.
- d. **Preapproval of Services.** The Audit Committee shall preapprove all audit services to be provided to the Company, whether provided by the principal auditor or other firms, and all other services (review, attest and non-audit) to be provided to the Company by the independent auditor; provided, however, that the Chief Financial Officer or General Counsel may present audit or non-audit related services arising in the time period between meetings of the Committee to the Chair of the Committee who will review and determine whether to approval such services, with such approval being subject to ratification by the Committee at its next meeting, and further provided that de minimis non-audit services may instead be approved in accordance with applicable SEC rules.
- e. **Oversight.** The independent auditor shall report directly to the Audit Committee, and the Audit Committee shall have sole and direct responsibility for overseeing the work of the independent auditor, including resolution of disagreements between Company management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting. In connection with its oversight role, the Audit Committee shall, from time to time as appropriate, receive and consider the reports and other communications

- required to be made by the independent auditor regarding:
- i. critical accounting policies and practices;
  - ii. alternative treatments within generally accepted accounting principles for policies and practices related to material items that have been discussed with Company management, including ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor;
  - iii. other material written communications between the independent auditor and Company management; and
  - iv. all other matters required to be communicated by the independent auditor to the Audit Committee by the applicable requirements of the PCAOB.
2. Oversight of Internal Audit. The Committee will oversee the design, implementation and performance of the Company's internal audit function, including:
- a. Internal audits objectives, responsibilities, independence, performance, annual plan budget, and staffing;
  - b. Review and discuss with management the appointment or replacement of the Head of the Company's internal audit function; and
  - c. Periodically meet separately with management and with the head of internal audit.
3. Oversight of the Audited Financial Statements
- a. Review and Discussion. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with the Company's management and independent auditor the Company's audited financial statements, including the matters required to be discussed by the applicable requirements of the PCAOB and the SEC.
  - b. Recommendation to Board Regarding Financial Statements. The Audit Committee shall consider whether it will recommend to the Board that the Company's audited financial statements be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.
  - c. Audit Committee Report. The Audit Committee shall prepare an annual committee report for inclusion where necessary in the proxy statement of the Company relating to its annual meeting of security holders.
4. Review of Other Financial Disclosures
- a. Independent Auditor Review of Interim Financial Statements. The Audit Committee shall direct the independent auditor to use its best efforts to perform all reviews of interim financial information prior to disclosure by the Company of such information and to discuss promptly with the Audit Committee and the Chief Financial Officer any matters identified in connection with the auditor's review of interim financial information which are required to be discussed by applicable auditing standards. The Audit Committee shall direct management to advise the Audit Committee in the event that the Company proposes to disclose interim financial information prior to completion of the independent auditor's review of interim financial information.
5. Oversight of Internal Controls, ERM, Legal and Regulatory Requirements, and Other Procedures
- a. Internal Controls. The Audit Committee shall coordinate the Board's oversight of the quality and adequacy of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, disclosure controls and

procedures and code of business conduct and ethics, including any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of, and any material changes in, the Company's internal controls. The Audit Committee shall review the disclosure controls and procedures, as well as the quarterly assessments of such controls and procedures by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14 under the Exchange Act.

- b. Risk Management. The Audit Committee shall discuss the Company's policies with respect to risk assessment and enterprise risk management, including with respect to financial, operational, privacy, cybersecurity, information security, business continuity and legal and regulatory risks, as well as guidelines and policies to govern the process by which the Company's exposure to risk is handled.
- c. Compliance with Laws. On at least an annual basis, the Audit Committee shall review and discuss with management and the independent auditor (a) the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's legal, regulatory and ethical compliance programs, including the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, compliance with anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and regulations, and compliance with export control regulations and (b) reports regarding compliance with applicable laws, regulations and internal compliance programs. The Audit Committee must discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any reports or complaints that raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or policies. The Committee must discuss with the Company's General Counsel any legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or the Company's compliance procedures.
- d. Procedures for Complaints. The Audit Committee shall establish procedures for (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters; and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.
- e. Oversight of Related Person Transactions. The Audit Committee shall review the Company's policies and procedures for reviewing and approving or ratifying "related person transactions" (defined as transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K), including the Company's Related Person Transaction Policy, and recommend any changes to the Board. In accordance with the Company's Related Person Transaction Policy and Nasdaq rules, the Audit Committee shall conduct appropriate review and oversight of all related person transactions for potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis.
- f. Review and Approve Swaps. The Audit Committee is authorized to review and approve the Company's entry into swaps, including transactions in swaps that are subject to mandatory clearing, and to approve use of the end-user exception from clearing. The Audit Committee is also authorized to adopt and shall review annually thereafter a policy relating to the Company's use of the non-financial end-user exception, and shall report to the Board on the Company's compliance with and implementation of this policy on at least an annual basis. The Audit Committee may delegate responsibility for implementation of the non-financial end-user policy to the Company's management, as the Audit Committee deems appropriate.
- g. Additional Duties. The Audit Committee shall have such other duties as may be delegated from time to time by the Board.

**D. Procedures and Administration**

1. Meetings. The Audit Committee shall meet as often as it deems necessary in order to perform its responsibilities. The Audit Committee may also act by unanimous written consent in lieu of a meeting. The Audit Committee shall periodically meet separately with: (i) the independent auditor; (ii) Company management; and (iii) the Company's internal auditors, if any. The Audit Committee shall keep minutes of each of its meetings.
2. Subcommittees. The Audit Committee may form and delegate authority to one or more subcommittees, as it deems appropriate from time to time under the circumstances (including a subcommittee consisting of a single member). Any decision of a subcommittee to preapprove audit, review, attest or non-audit services shall be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next scheduled meeting.
3. Reports to Board. The Audit Committee shall report regularly to the Board.
4. Charter. At least annually, the Audit Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
5. Independent Advisors. The Audit Committee is authorized, without further action by the Board, to engage such independent legal, accounting and other advisors as it deems necessary or appropriate to carry out its responsibilities. Such independent advisors may be the regular advisors to the Company. The Audit Committee is empowered, without further action by the Board, to cause the Company to pay the compensation of such advisors as established by the Audit Committee.
6. Investigations. The Audit Committee shall have the authority to conduct or authorize investigations into any matters within the scope of its responsibilities as it shall deem appropriate, including the authority to request any officer, employee, or advisor of the Company to meet with the Audit Committee or any advisors engaged by the Audit Committee.
7. Funding. The Audit Committee is empowered, without further action by the Board, to cause the Company to pay the ordinary administrative expenses of the Audit Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.
8. Self-Evaluation. The Audit Committee shall, from time to time as it deems appropriate, evaluate its own performance.